TRADE WINDS BLOWING HARDER FOR THE WORLD ECONOMY

There is certainly a risk for the world economy from protectionist trade policies. Go back and study the Great Depression. The House of Representatives first passed what became known as the Smoot-Hawley Tariff in May 1929 and the Great Depression started three months later. Companies may be already rethinking their expansion and investment plans due to the trade war. The irony is that tariffs have been raised historically in countries to save jobs, but right now the US economy is moving beyond full employment where everyone already has a job.

Red sky at night, sailor's delight. Red sky at morning, sailors take warning. It's almost red sky at morning in America when it comes to these America First policies with tariffs, quotas and sanctions from the Trump administration which risk uprooting long established trade patterns that have evolved over the past two decades. The President has said there would be some short-term pain, but eventually things would be much, much better. We don't know though, and judging from the early reaction from America's trading partners, it is possible that the kick in world growth that comes from increased exports between nations, however
unbalanced they have become over the years, could be a risk for the outlook if Washington seeks change too abruptly. To conclude this part of our comment on trade, the Smoot-Hawley tariff sunk the economy’s ship before the Great Depression, and it will be a miracle if the US economy can stay afloat with the protectionist stance the Trump administration has taken. Economists don’t agree on much, but it is hard to find one who thinks tariffs are pro-growth.

$835 billion of imported goods this year to date. There is a long list of items being imported which shows the difficulty in trying to stem the flow with selective tariffs.

Less trade deficit as America First starts to have an effect

Breaking economy news. Joking really. The April trade deficit for goods and services fell to $46.2 billion. It fell mostly upon the annual revisions that come this time of year, the deficit actually falling $1.0 billion from $47.2 billion in March (March that was $49.0 billion prior to revision). Glad we got that clear.

Exports of goods to the rest of the world are strengthening with the world economy up 9.9 percent to $139.6 billion in April over last year’s levels. Imports are up the same percentage roughly, 9.3% the last year to $211.1 billion. That’s the way it is supposed to work, all countries winning. If you want to correct the trade imbalance you really need to talk to the American companies that rely on these goods, and shipped factories overseas years ago.

Net, net, there’s plenty of trade deficit red ink still out there in April to keep Trump’s economics team at the bargaining table. Today’s data will only reinforce upon the Administration just how unfair the country’s trade is with the rest of the world. The US trade deficit in goods with China is running $119.1...
billion in the first four months this year 11.7% or $12.5 billion wider than the $106.6 billion trade deficit in the first four months of 2017. Same story for Europe. The US trade deficit in goods with the European Union is running $52.5 billion in the first four months this year 17.7% or $7.9 billion wider than the $44.6 billion trade deficit in the first four months of 2017.

American consumers’ love affair with exotic foreign goods remains ongoing. Many US companies are also hooked on foreign goods to help make their own finished products as well. The US hasn’t been an island relying on its own natural resources to provide goods and services to the domestic economy for many decades now. Time will tell if this Administration can change the pattern of trade that relies increasingly on foreign imports. On a more somber note. America's trade deficit with the world is widening, but for how long? With all these tariffs and quotas and sanctions being thrown around the world, trade between nations could cool down in a hurry putting the world economy at considerable risk. The world economy can’t win a trade war and rising protectionism between nations will take a toll on growth. Stay tuned. Story developing.

FEDERAL RESERVE POLICY

The Fed meets June 12-13 to consider its monetary policy. The market knows the Fed is going to hike rates 25 basis points to 2.0% at this meeting, but it doesn’t know if the gradual pace of rate hikes means three or four rate hikes in 2018. The Fed raised rates three times in 2017, skipping the September meeting. The September 2018 meeting odds of a 25 bps rate hike to 2.25% closed the week at 56%. One further note: the balance sheet wind down that the market feared last September? Fed’s Treasury holdings were $2.377 trillion this week, down $87 billion from October 2017… only two trillion more to go. Dragging their feet on rates and on draining the liquidity swamp.
MARKETS OUTLOOK

Bonds recovered further from the Italy crisis lows, but stalled at the 3.00% level. On Wednesday, yields moved higher with Euro debt on the hawkish change in market tone where the ECB is now likely announce the end of QE at Thursday, June 14’s meeting. Emerging Market risks centering on Brazil and higher yields in Italy helped bring yields back down to earth on Thursday. To work around the Fed’s meeting next Wednesday, Treasury will sell 3-yr and 10-yr notes on Monday, and then a 30-yr bond on Tuesday. The 10-yr yield closed the week at 2.95% versus 2.90% the prior week.

CORPORATES: DEERE, KENNAMETAL, NISOURCE, KRAFT HEINZ FOODS

Corporate offerings were $38.4 billion in the June 8 week versus $6.0 billion in the June 1 week. On Tuesday, Union Pacific Corp. sold $6.0 billion 3s/5s/7s/10s/20s/30s/40s. It priced a $1.5 billion 3.95% 10-yr (m-w +20bp) at 105 bps (Baa1/A-). The rail transportation company will use the proceeds for share buybacks and general corporate purposes. Corporate bonds (10-yr Industrials rated A2) were 91 bps above 10-yr Treasuries this week versus 93 bps last Friday.
OTHER ECONOMIC NEWS THIS WEEK

No slack left with 6.698 million jobs for hire; ISM nonmfg rebounds too (Tuesday)

Breaking economy news. Jolts data, job openings data with more for-hire signs out there in the country than ever before in history. 6.698 million job openings in April which is 600 thousand more than the 6.065 million unemployed people out there in the country at last count. This labor market is a headhunter’s dream as no company can hire the skilled or unskilled workers they need without an employment agency working for them 24/7 scouring the country for anyone they can find. And they aren’t finding much. Looking under every rock. Leaving no stone unturned.

Maybe we need some more quitters out there. Let’s start a bidding war. Any quitters out there in the audience? Just too tired to make it and saying, "I quit?" The so-called quits data that Yellen took as a leading indicator of economic good times was 3.351 million in April just off of March’s record number of quitters in this current economic recovery that was 3.387 million. More workers are quitting their jobs right now than they did during the housing bubble economy years a decade ago, when the Fed’s policy rate was 5.25%, we hasten to add, that’s how confident they are, that’s how easy it is to get another job. And research shows that new jobs will pay you more than your current job, so let’s all quit today!

Net, net, the labor market is on fire and any thoughts that the economy is not at full employment can be thrown in the dust bin of foolish economic thoughts and stale nonsensical ideas. We are speaking here to some of those newbie Fed officials who claim some labor market slack remains. 6.698 million job openings is an unemployed worker’s dream as the economy's engines rev it up a notch or two or three. Vroom! You don't need sustainable 3% economic growth when you have strong labor markets like these. You don't have to deliver on every single campaign promise. "Doubling GDP growth." This economy can't be better than it is right now today.

The only caveat being there is a massive labor shortage out there. Whatever speed the economy is growing at, it isn't going to keep moving down the road much longer if there is no one to work the economy's factories and stores and warehouse floors. Mark my words, this will be the first time in modern economic history that the economic expansion dies for lack of fuel meaning lack of workers.
You can throw all the capital you want at US corporations and cut their taxes owed to bare bones levels, but this economy has no way to keep growing if there is no one left to hire. Wages may be just months away from heading into the stratosphere where they start producing wage-push inflation the country hasn't seen since the 60s and 70s. Stay tuned. Story developing.

The labor markets just keep getting tighter, and tighter, and tighter. We are starting to think with red hot economic data like these, a few more Fed officials might start thinking they are a little further behind the curve and vote for four rate hikes this year at next week's meeting. The economy is stronger than they think Bet on it.

222K JOBLESS CLAIMS IS TOO, TOO, TOO TIGHT A LABOR MARKET (Thursday)

The labor market has shifted into a higher gear where the focus of companies has shifted from hiring new help to retaining current workers. You want to take the day off to attend a family wedding no problem just please come back to work on Monday. You want us to up the match on your 401K plan, no problem. Jobless claims are so low precisely because no one is getting laid off. For the first time in decades it is true that you are irreplaceable. Bet on it.

The strongest labor market for new jobs and hiring in a generation keeps the Federal Reserve on the gradual path for interest rate hikes this year and they may even step it up a notch when they meet next week. This is not an economy that requires the support of the central bank. Those who say there is still some slack remaining are like the little boy crying wolf. There are more job openings than there are unemployed to fill them. The labor market is heating up and that means inflation pressures are building so the Federal Reserve better get ready for it. Rates are going up at next week’s meeting and more are on the way. It's legal now. Bet on it.
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